



Climate Activities in the Pacific Islands

USAID/Philippines, Pacific Islands and Mongolia Marisol Perez, Deputy Coordinator

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Climate Impacts for Pacific Islands

CLIMATE PROJECTIONS



0.6-1.4° C increase in temperatures by 2060



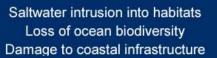
Increase in tropical storm intensity

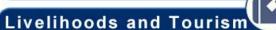


17-38 cm rise in sea levels by 2050

KEY CLIMATE IMPACTS

Coastal Zones





Decreased economic output Reduced interest in ecotourism Damage to coastal ecosystems

Agriculture

Decreased crop yield and food security Increased drought frequency/duration Groundwater salinization

Water Resources

Salinization of drinking water sources Decreased water availability for crops Reduced hygiene and sanitation

Health

Decreased water quality and availability Decreased nutrition and food security Shifts in infectious disease patterns

Energy and Infrastructure

Increased energy costs Damage to key infrastructure Decreased economic output





Foreign Direct Investment















Multilaterals and Multi-Donor Funds





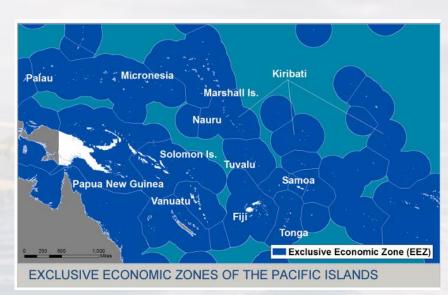




Private Sector



Climate Actions in the Pacific Islands



SAID Strategic Alignment

Guiding principles and frameworks - USG/Washington and the Region:

- The Framework for Pacific Regionalism (2014, Pacific Island Forum)
- BOE Declaration Action Plan (2019, PIF)
- 2050 Strategy for the Blue Pacific Continent (2022, PIF)
- USAID Pacific Islands Strategic Framework 2022-2027
- USAID Climate Strategy 2022-2030
- New USG Pacific Islands Strategy*
- The 2022 Indo-Pacific Strategy
- USAID 2022 Indo-Pacific Framework*
- Pacific Partnership Strategy (2022)

Building on current and prior efforts:

Successes and lessons learned from our programs and other donor efforts



Climate **Strategy** 2022-2030



2022-2030 Climate Strategy Targets

Mitigation:

CO2e reduced

Billion metric tons



Finance:

Public and private finance mobilized

150 Billion dollars

Adaptation:

People supported to be climate resilient

500 million people ************************************* ************************************ ************

Country Support:

NDCs/NAPs supported

80 Countries supported 888888888 88888888

Land Use:

Hectares protected, restored, or managed

100 million hectares



Critical

Populations:

Increase equitable engagement

40 Country

partnerships strengthened



USAID Climate within USAID Pacific Islands Strategy

GOAL: DEMOCRATIC, PROSPEROUS, AND RESILIENT PACIFIC ISLAND REGION

DO I: Community Resilience Strengthened

IR I.I Capacity to adapt and respond to climate and disaster impacts strengthened

- 1.1.1 Capacity to deliver humanitarian and recovery assistance improved
- 1.1.2 Vulnerability to effects of climate stresses and disaster shocks reduced
- 1.1.3 Financing to address disaster and climate risk mobilized

IR 1.2 Sustainable development of natural resources strengthened

- 1.2.1 Environmental and social safeguards and standards advanced
- 1.2.2 Governance of conservation areas advanced
- 1.2.3 Protection of fisheries improved

IR 1.3 Access to sustainable energy services improved

- 1.3.1 Performance of energy utilities enhanced
- 1.3.2 Private sector investments in the energy sector increased
- 1.3.3 Off-grid energy systems adopted

IR 1.4 Vulnerable health systems strengthened

- 1.4.1 Health service delivery improved
- 1.4.2 Practice of positive health behaviors increased

DO 2: Resilient Economic Growth Advanced

IR 2.1: Enterprise development strengthened

- 2.1.1 Enabling environment improved
- 2.1.2 Productivity increased
- 2.1.3 Access to finance improved

IR 2.2: Macroeconomic stability strengthened

- 2.2.1 Public financial management and domestic resource mobilization strengthened
- 2.2.2 Trade and investment increased

IR 2.3: Regional integration advanced

- 2.3.1 Digital connectivity and security improved
- 2.3.2 Transport linkages strengthened

IR 2.4: Human capital development for resilient economic growth improved

- 2.4.1 Workforce development for enterprise productivity strengthened
- 2.4.2 Higher education capacity strengthened
- 2.4.3 Enabling environment for human capital development improved

DO 3: Democratic Governance Strengthened

IR 3.1: Civic engagement increased

- 3.1.1 Citizen participation in democratic processes increased
- 3.1.2 Civil society organizations as advocates and watchdogs strengthened

IR 3.2: Government responsiveness to citizens improved

- 3.2.1 Adherence of key institutions to democratic practices enhanced
- 3.2.2 Rights protection of vulnerable and marginalized populations increased





Pacific American Fund

Sub-grants to strengthen local actions and capacity span various sectors focused on:

- Resilience to disasters and climate risks;
- Livelihoods;
- Food security;
- Access to water, health and education;

- Governance;
- Sustainable natural resource management;
- Biodiversity conservation

Achievements to date: Restored business and community livelihoods (MOSIVID). Graduated 11 local organizations to receive USAID funds. Next Round grants focused on climate resilience.





Outer-island Adaptation Needs: Kapingamarangi Drought and Water Security

- Improved water storage and backup systems
- Ability of community to repair desalinization and reverse osmosis units
- Livelihood opportunities to increase household coping mechanisms to new shocks





Disaster Relief: USAIDIOM Chuuk Relief Warehouse







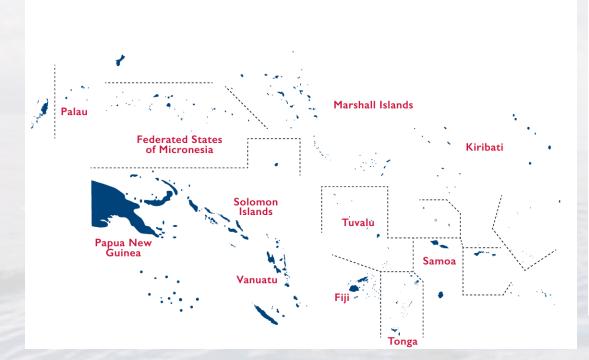
Climate Ready

- Total Project Cost: :US\$23,903,456
- Implementing Partner: DT Global
- Nov 22, 2016– Nov 21, 2022

- Objective 1 : Climate Change Adaptation Policies and Laws in place and in practice
- Objective 2: Improved access to climate change funds
- Objective 3: Improved implementation of climate change adaptation projects



USAID CLIMATE READY PROJECT WORKS IN 11 PACIFIC ISLAND COUNTRIES











Fiji Islands

Federated States of Micronesia









Republic of Palau

Papua New Guinea

Samoa







Tuvalu



Republic of Vanuatu



Republic of the Marshall Islands

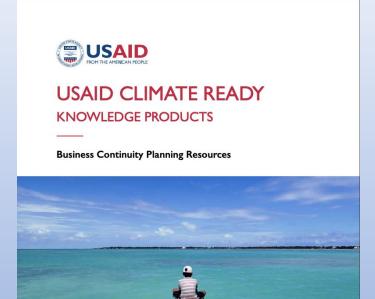


Solomon Islands



Climate Ready Achievements:

- Mobilized over \$475 million dollars for Pacific Island countries with more proposals within the pipeline
- Flagship climate finance activity in the region, and one of the major successes globally
- Helped countries and regional organizations gain accreditation
- Fiji: Chamber of Commerce strengthen private sector engagement in disaster risk management: Business Continuity Plan and Green Recovery Plan



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Other Climate -focused Activities

Institutional Strengthening in Pacific Island Countries to Adapt to Climate Change (ISACC) 2015-2022 Boosts government capacity to manage their climate finances more effectively, promotes regional coordination, and builds multitoral approaches to climate resilience.

Disaster Resilience in the Compact Nations (RESILIENCE)

2020-2025 Improves governance capacity for disaster management and expedite the delivery of preparedness, relief, and reconstruction assistance to respond to U.S. presidentially declared disa in the Federated States of Micronesia and the Republic of the Marshall Islands

U.S. Peace Corps Small Project Assistance 2012-2024 Raise environmental awareness among remote communities in Fiji, Samoa, Tonga, and Vanuatu, and increase their resilience to extreme weather events

New climate finance activity: considerations and areas of focus

Considerations:

- Build on Climate Ready and ISACC lessons learned and best practices
- Collaboration and Coordination

Areas of focus:

- Climate financing for the Pacific Islands
- Financial management capacity
- Equitable and inclusive approaches

Better management and resilience for regional bodies and national governments to build resilience at the community level

FINAL EVALUATION REPORT

USAID CLIMATE READY AND INSTITUTIONAL STRENGTHENING IN PACIFIC ISLAND COUNTRIES TO ADAPT TO CLIMATE CHANGE (ISACC)

Contract No. AID-486-I-14-00001 (IDIQ) Task Order No. 72048619F00001

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Lukautim Graun ("Look After the Environment") 2019-2024: Reduce threats to Papua New Guinea's rich biodiversity, help promote transparent policies, including environmental safeguards for effective stewardship of natural resources and preserve biodiversity in priority places by supporting local governments, civil society, and communities to reduce key threats.

Our Fish, Our Future 2021-2026:Address the drivers of IUU and over fishing in the region by improving sustainable coastal fisheries management, enhancing monitoring, control, and surveillance (MCS) in coastal fisheries, demonstrating private sector partnerships to promote sustainable supply chains, and strengthening resilience and meaningful engagement of marginalized actors in coastal fisheries management.

Pacific Coastal Fisheries Management and Compliance 2021-2026:Advance sustainable coastal fisheries emanagement in the Pacific Islands by strengthening monitoring, control, and surveillance (MCS) at all management levels.



Energy Regulatory Partnership Program (ERPP) 2019-2025: Supports Papua New Guinea in 1) developing competitive power procurement processes; 2) creating a regulatory framework for offgrid electrification; 3) improving safety and technical management; and 4) enhancing capacity for tariff review and pricing

Papua New Guinea Electrification Partnership (PEP) 2020-2025:(1) Enhances PNG Power Ltd.'s (PPL) capacity to expand connections, reduce system and commercial losses, and increase its revenues; (2) Strengthen regulatory capacity; (3) Develop at least 10 viable of electrification models in select remote communities; (4) Catalyze investments for energy.



